



Optimization of Digital Modulation Schemes using Evolutionary Algorithms

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Introduction

- Derek Kozel
 - Masters in ECE from Carnegie Mellon
 - SpaceX, Range Networks, currently Ettus Research
 - Past research includes SDR and SDN based cellular systems, low power system on chip architecture, and evolutionary algorithms

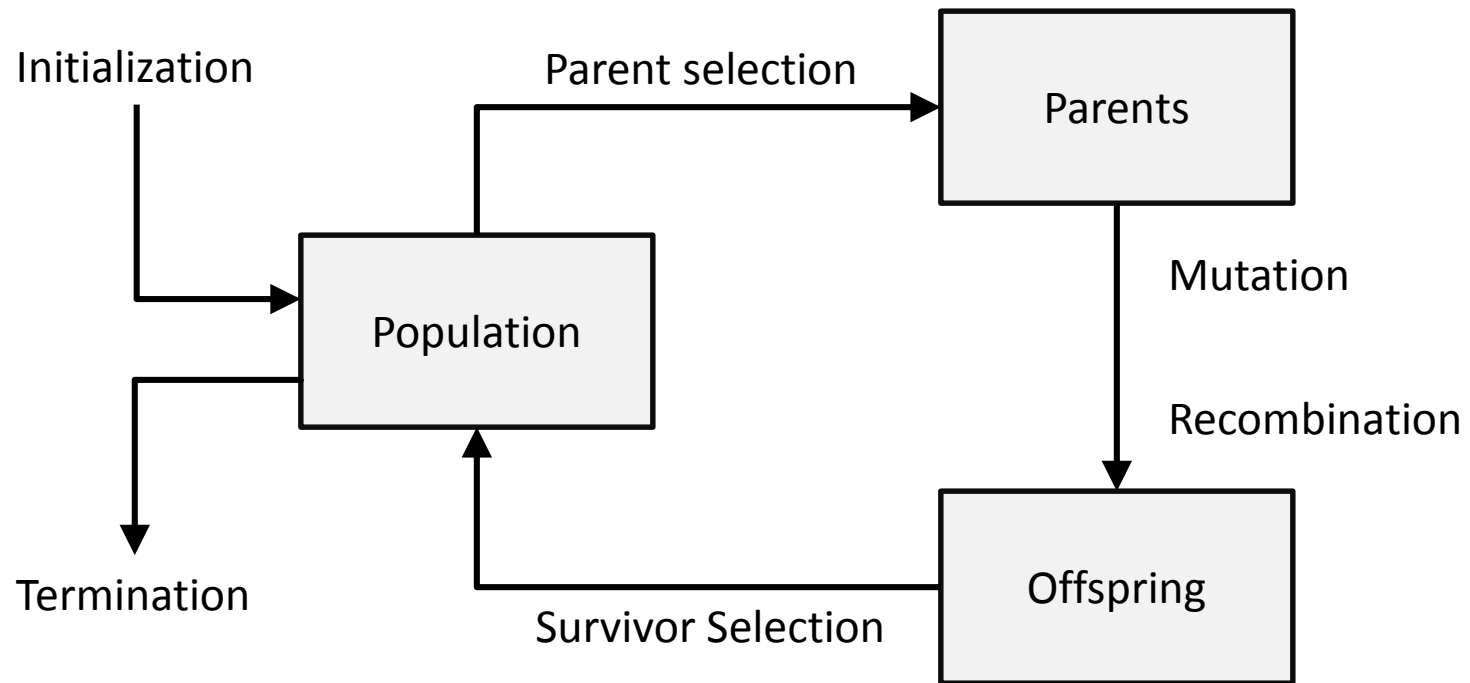
Recognition and Thanks

- Original work done during my masters
- “Evolution of digital modulation schemes for radio systems” at GECCO 2014
- Co-Authors
 - Ervin Teng, Bob Iannucci, and Jason Lohn

What is Evolutionary Computing?

- Subfield of artificial intelligence
- Continuous and combinatorial optimization
- Stochastic, optimal result not guaranteed
- Good for large, complex, search spaces

Basic Flow



Basic Flow

BEGIN

INITIALIZE population with random candidate solutions

EVALUATE each candidate

REPEAT UNTIL (TERMINATION CONDITION is satisfied)

1 SELECT parents

2 RECOMBINE pairs of parents

3 MUTATE the resulting offspring

4 EVALUATE new candidates

5 SELECT individuals for the next generation

Components

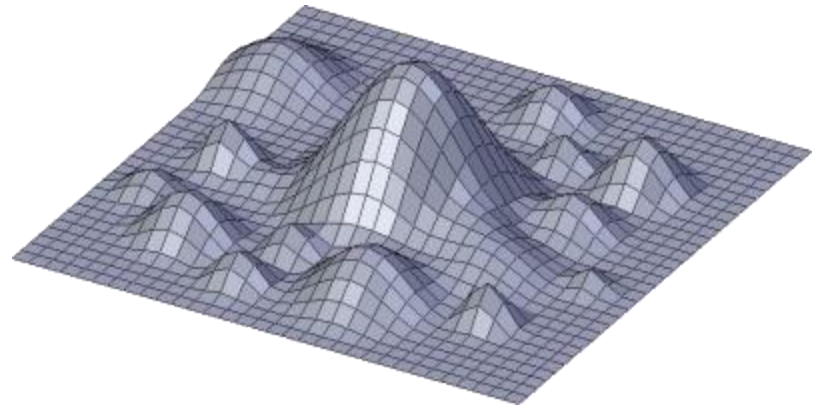
- Representation
- Fitness Function
- Population
- Parent selection mechanism
- Variation operators
 - Mutation, Recombination, others
- Survivor selection mechanism

Representation

- Genotype
 - Physical representation
 - i.e. bit strings
- Phenotype
 - Logical meaning
 - i.e. ints, floats, coordinates on a chess board

Fitness Functions

- Defining how good a solution is
 - AKA Objective Function in optimization
- Can be a simple formula or a statistic from a complex simulation



Example 2D fitness landscape

Population

- A pool of individual potential solutions (inputs)
 - Collection of phenotypes
- Can be divided up in different ways
 - Island
 - Age
 - Fitness
- Total of μ individuals

Parent Selection

- Parenthood not guaranteed
- Selection can be random, fitness based, deterministic, etc
- λ offspring are created for each generation

Fitness Proportional Selection

- Individuals are chosen to be parents with a probability proportional to their absolute fitness

$$p(\text{individual } i \text{ chosen}) = \frac{f_i}{\sum_{j=1}^{\mu} f_j}$$

- This means that individuals with high fitness dominate the population quickly
 - Premature convergence

Ranking Selection

- Individuals chosen as parents with a probability proportional to their relative fitnesses

$$P_{lin-rank}(i) = \frac{(2-s)}{\mu} + \frac{2i(s-1)}{\mu(\mu-1)}$$

	Fitness	Rank	P_{selFP}	P_{selLR} (s=2)	P_{selLR} (s=1.5)
A	1	1	0.1	0	0.167
B	5	3	0.5	0.67	0.5
C	4	2	0.4	0.33	0.33
Sum	10		1.0	1.0	1.0

Variation Operators

- Used to create children different but related to the parents
- Operators apply to a certain number of parents (Arity)
 - Mutation is done to one individual at a time
 - Recombination takes two or more parents to make an child

Mutation

- Changes a single individual
- Bit flipping for bitstrings
 - For each bit, flip with a probability p_m



- For numbers
 - For each value, add a random value with probability p_m
 - Reset to a random value with probability p_m

Mutation continued

- Swapping

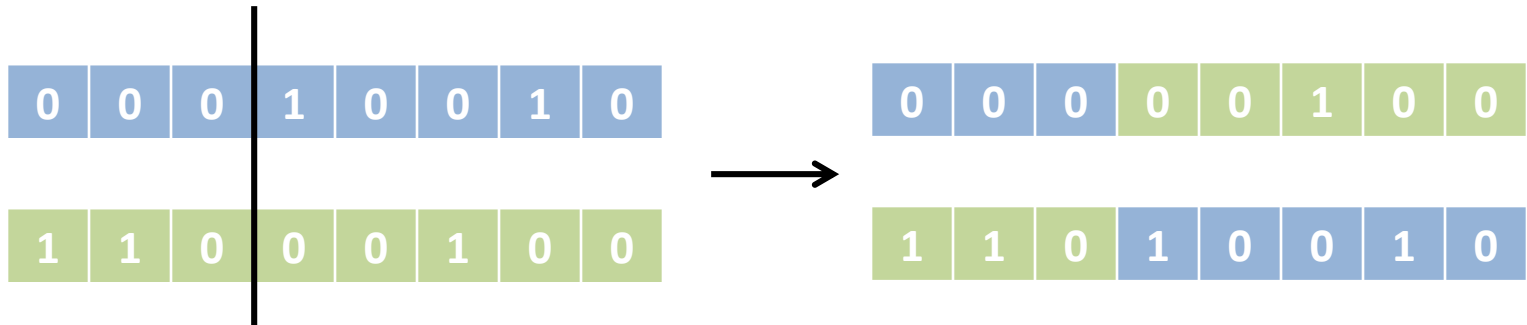


- Scramble, Insert, Inversion

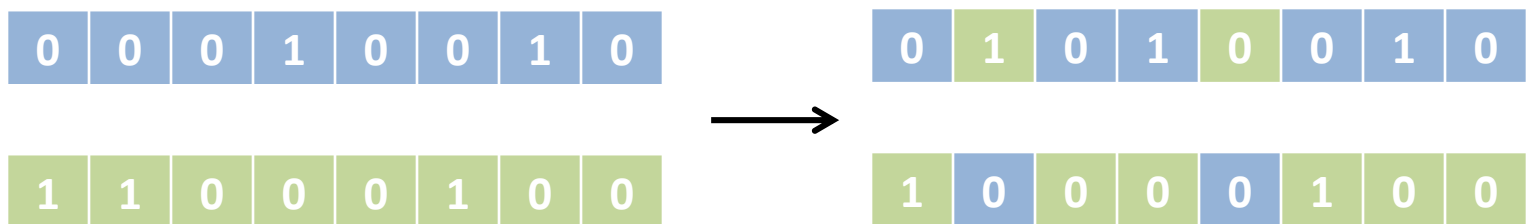
Recombination

- Crossover is the main operation

- One-point



- Uniform (Pick a specific gene with probability p_c)

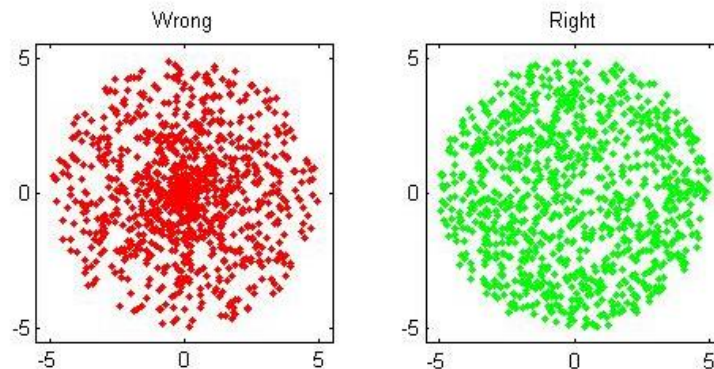


Survivor Selection

- Population is now μ parents and λ children
- Usually population remains constant over generations
- Must choose μ individuals from $\mu + \lambda$
 - Age based
 - Fitness based
- Sometimes desirable to preserve elites
 - Best n individuals guaranteed survival

Initialization

- Usually completely random generation
- Can incorporate domain specific knowledge
 - Choose known good answers
 - Introduces some bias to the search



Termination Condition

- Prevent infinite or exhaustive searching
- N generations
- Absolute fitness threshold
- Minimum amount of change in fitness

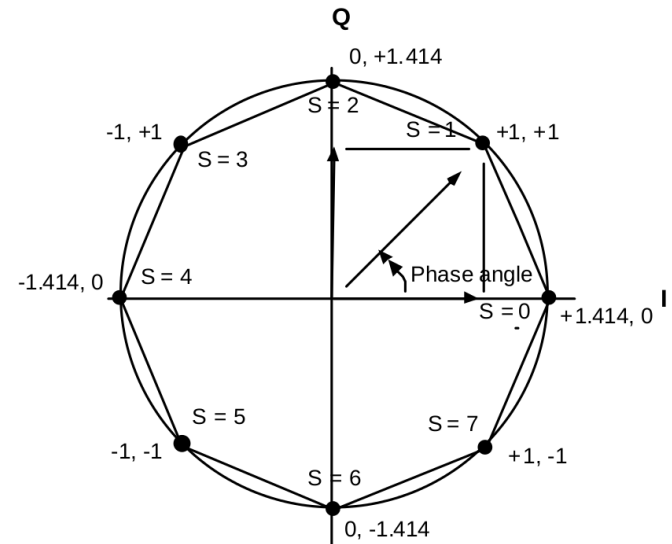
So it begins, now what?

- Exploration
- Exploitation
- Premature Convergence
 - Local Optimum

PSK Constellations

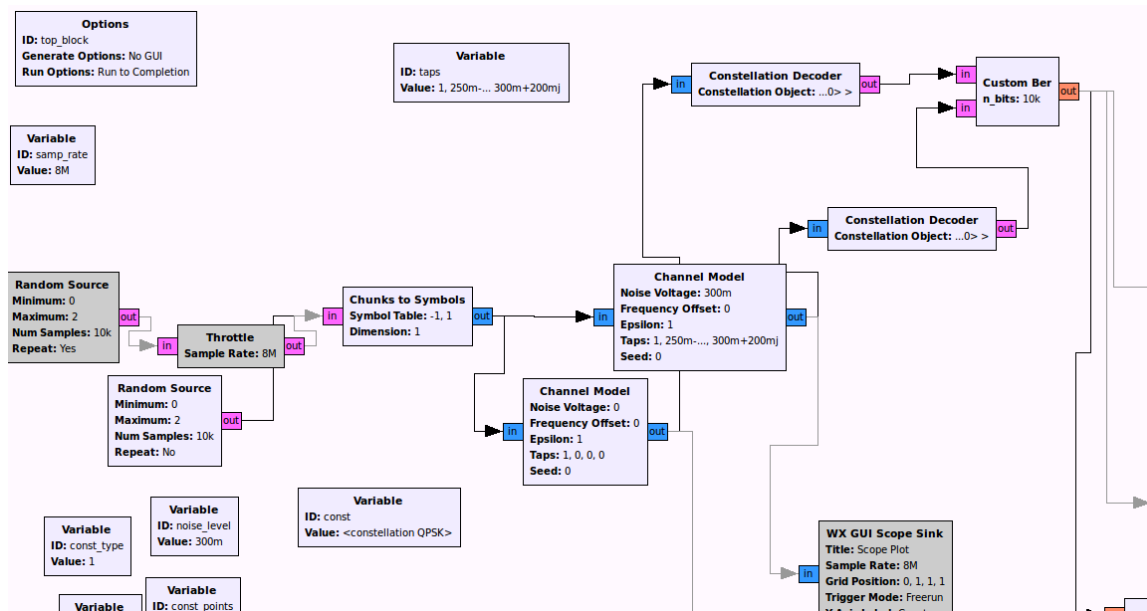
- A mapping of input bits to physically transmittable signals
- Can be represented as a string of integers

Input Bits	I	Q
000	1.414	0
001	1	1
010	0	1.414
011	-1	1
	...	



Setup

- Python implementations of algorithms
- Call GNU Radio simulation for fitness testing



Basic Evolutionary Strategy

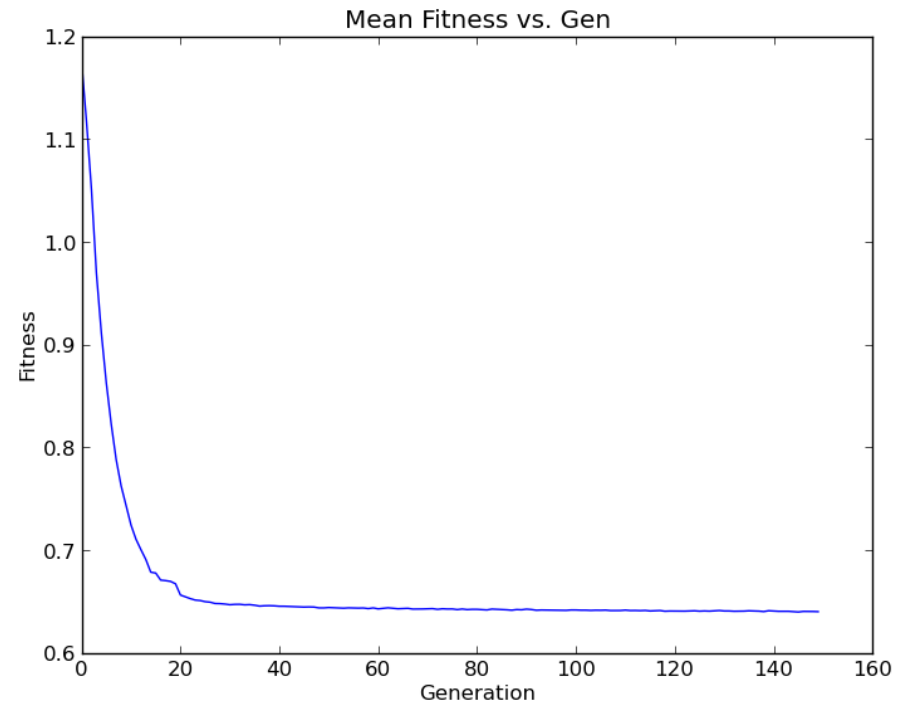
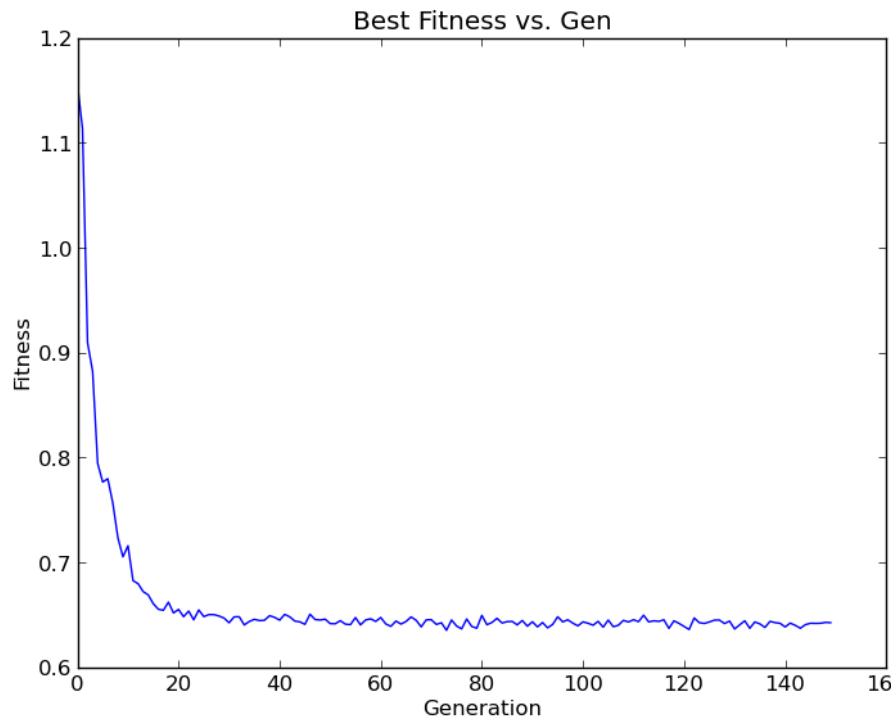
- Create 20 random constellations (individuals)
- Mutate and combine to create 140 constellations (children)
- Evaluate their fitness (BER + fudge factors)
- Select 20 survivors

Parameters

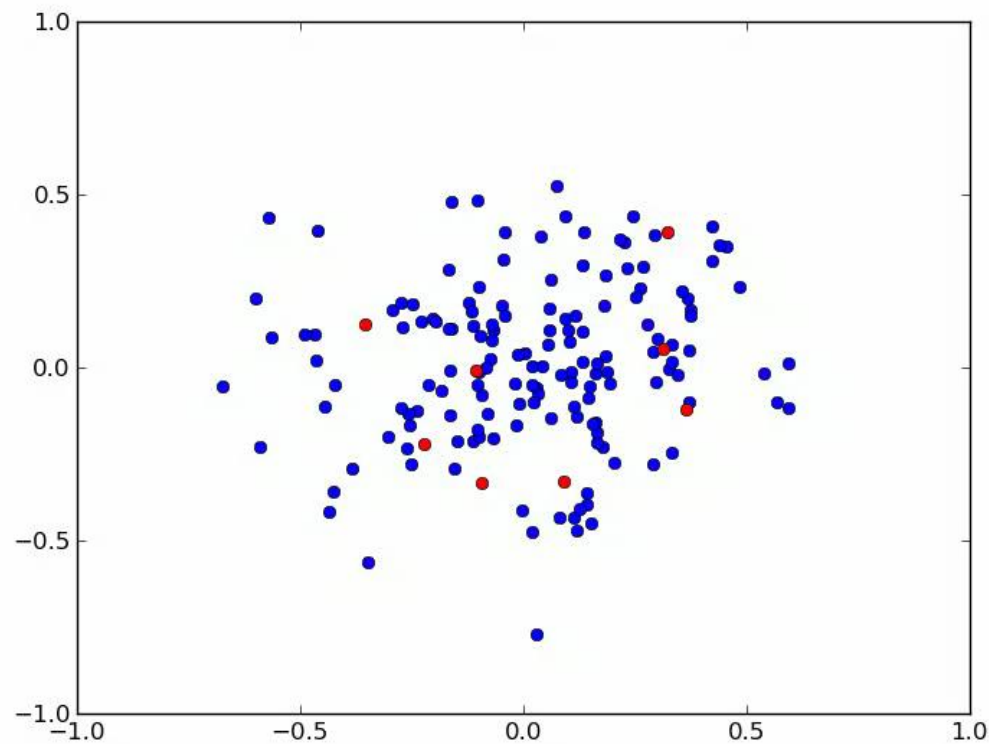
- 150 Generations
- Parent pool of 20 individuals
- Child pool of 140
 - 100 the product of mutation
 - 40 from recombination

Basic ES Results

- Best Fitness: 0.6422

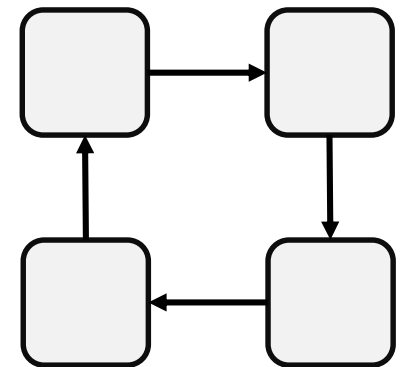


One Run

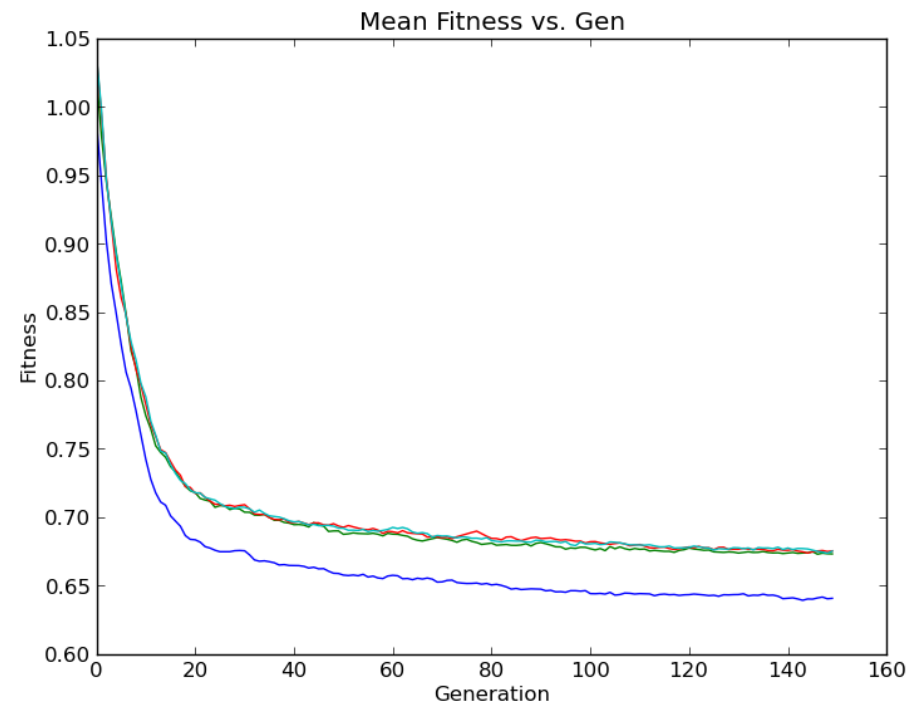
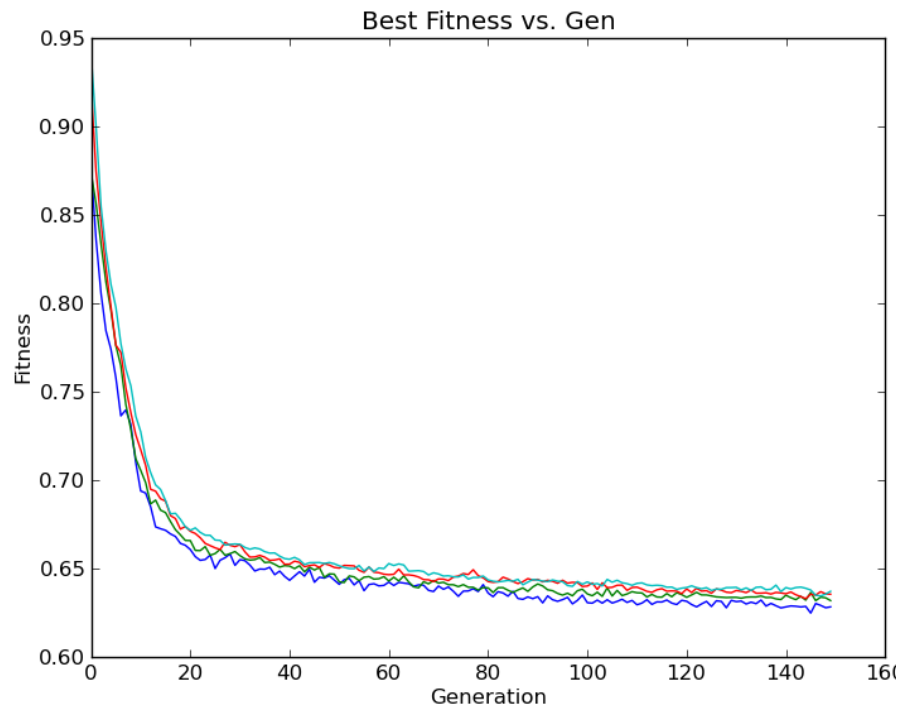


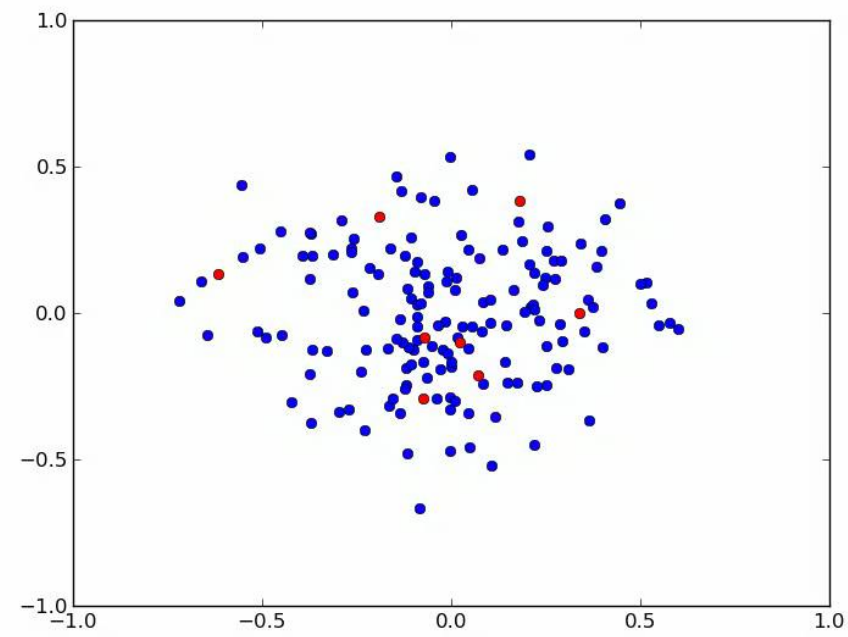
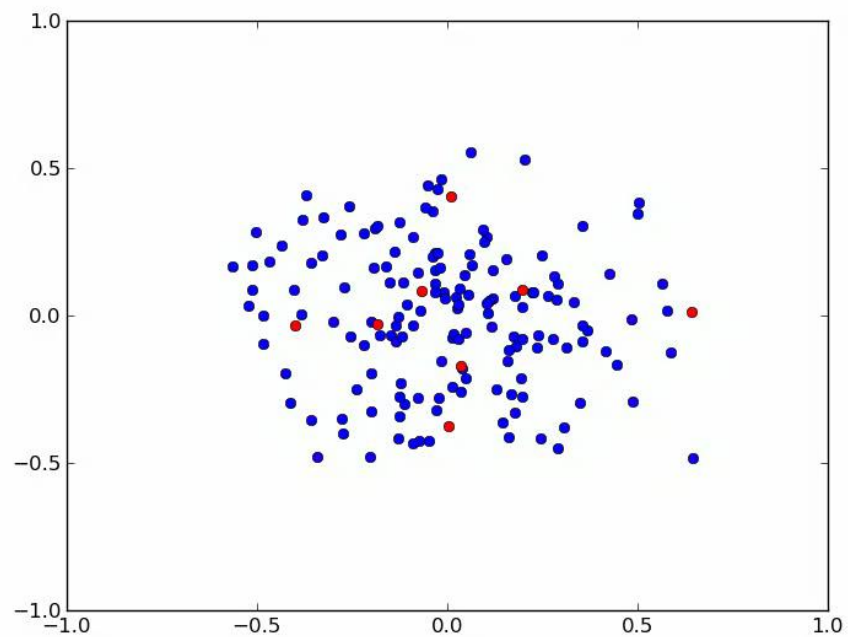
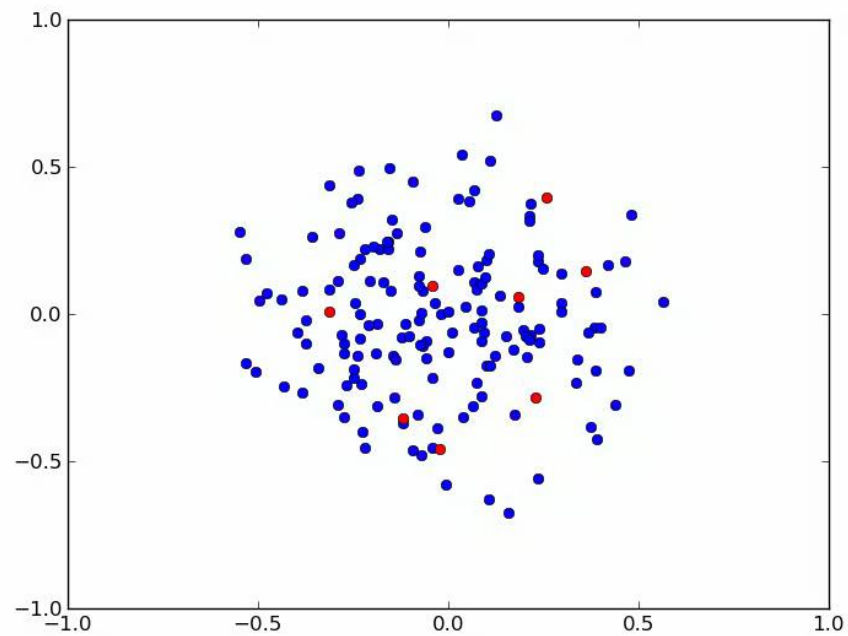
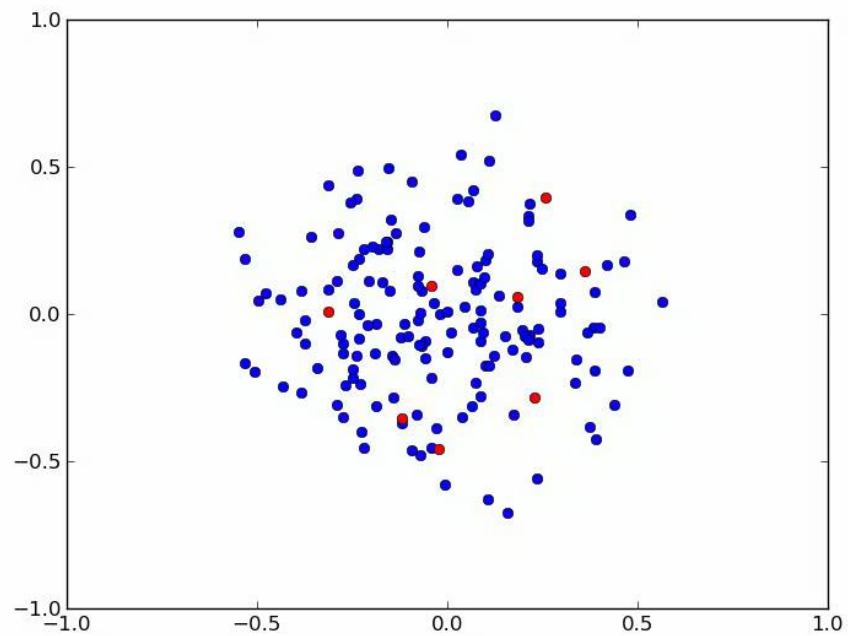
Island Model

- Galapagos Islands
 - Population is divided with occasional migrations
- Run multiple populations in parallel
- Transfer small number of individuals when diversity converges on an island
- Use a fitness based survivor selection



- Mean best fitness = 0.6369



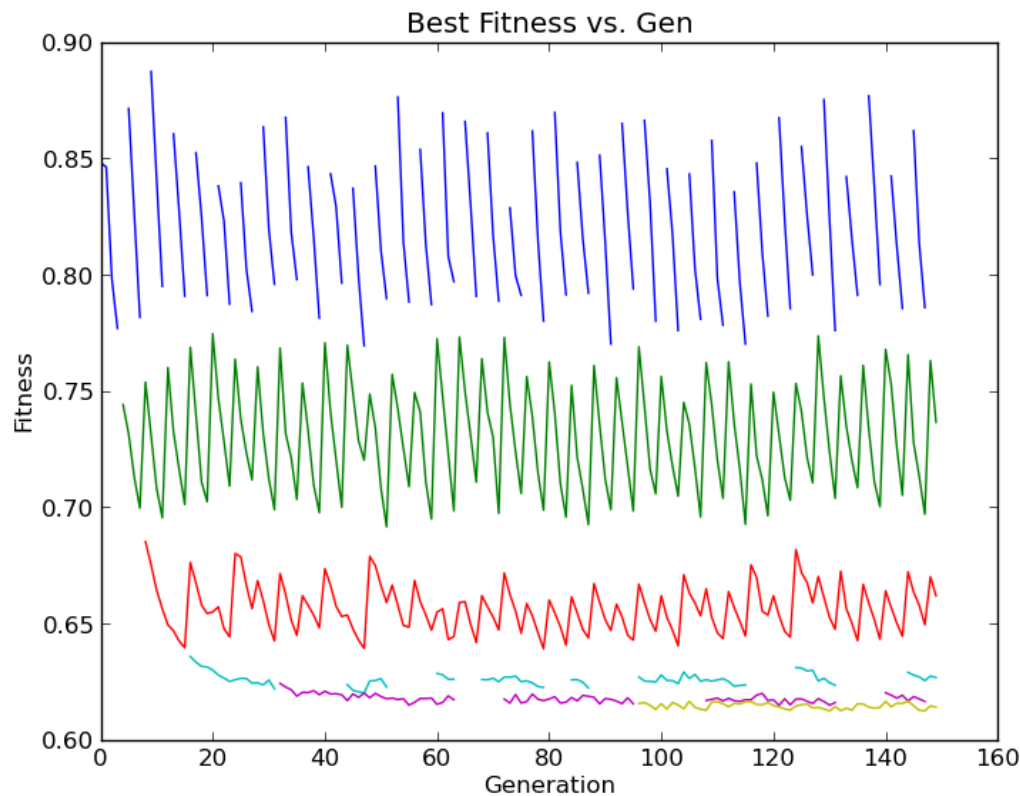


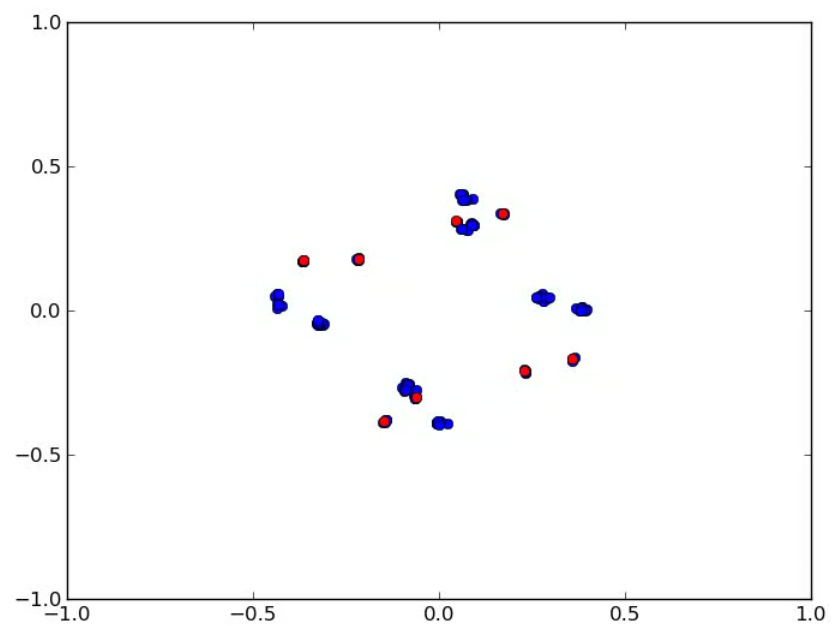
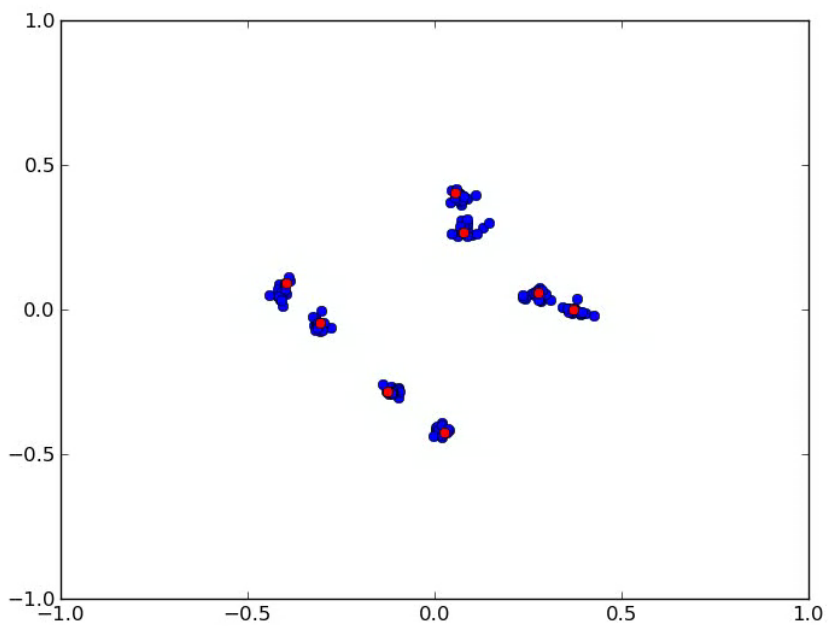
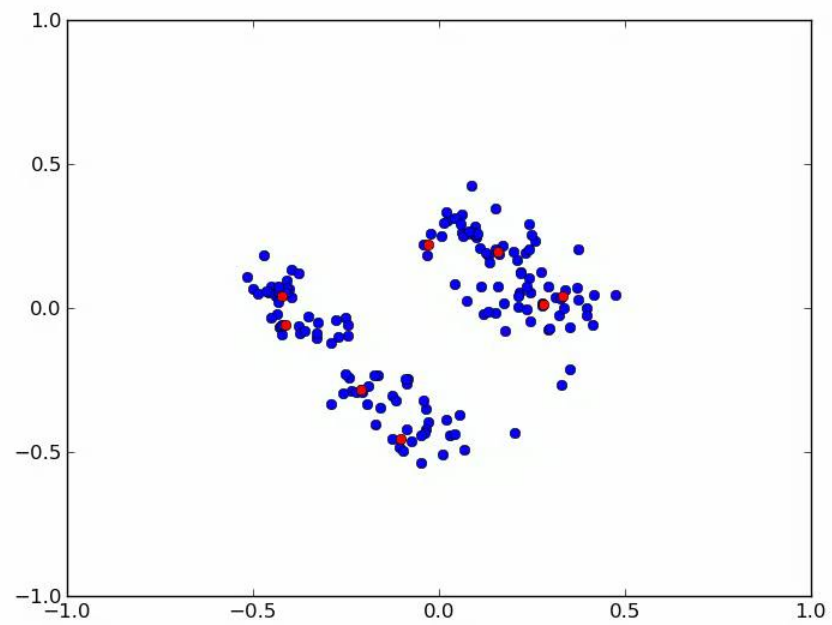
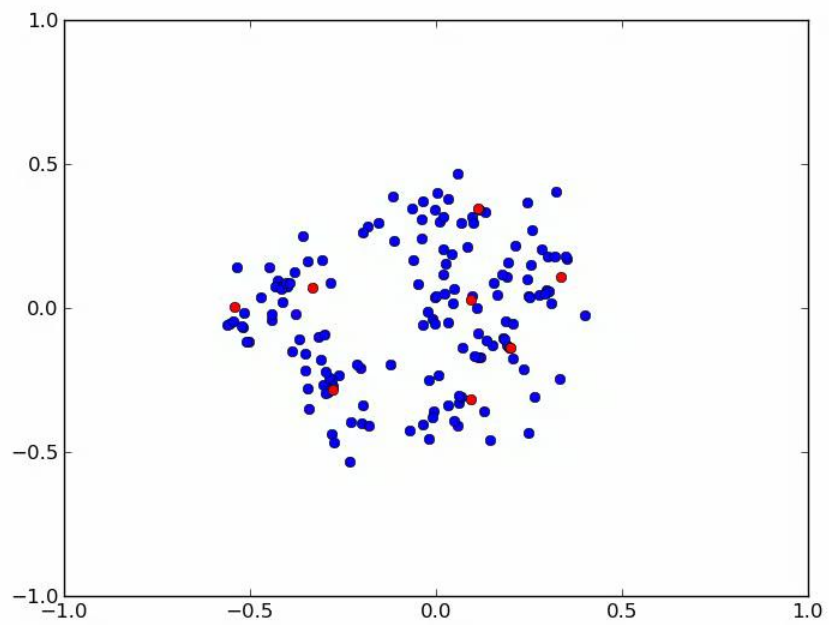
Age Layered Population Structure

- Gregory Hornby (UC Santa Cruz)
- Divide population by age cohorts
- Move population onwards and re
- Restart lowest level each epoch

ALPS Results

- Best fitness: 0.6140





Future Extensions

- Additional fitness tests
 - Variety of SNR and channel condition tests
- Longer tests, more bits, over the air
- Add additional transmission parameters to individuals
- Improve simulation
 - Framing, sync, complex channels

Thanks

<https://github.com/dkozel/Evolving-Constellations>

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